

2025年度 一般選抜（B日程）入学試験問題

3時間目（60分）

英語－1

注意事項

1. 指示がある前に問題冊子に触れてはいけません。解答用紙への記入については、後ほど説明があるので、それまでこの注意事項を読んでください。解答上の注意は、次のページに記載してあるので、試験開始の合図後、よく読んで解答してください。
2. 解答は、黒鉛筆で記入してください。
3. 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の①～②の記入欄があるので、監督者の指示に従いそれぞれ正しく記入し、マークしてください。正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。
 - ① **受験番号欄**
受験番号（数字部分のみ）を記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしてください。
記入方法については、下の記入例を参照してください。

受 験 番 号 欄						
番号欄	1	0	1	2	1	1
マーク欄	○	●	○	○	○	○
	●	○	●	○	●	●
	○	○	○	●	○	○

- ② **氏名欄**

氏名・フリガナを記入してください。

4. 問題の文中や設問の 中の記号は重複を示します。
5. 試験中に問題冊子の印刷の汚れ、ページの落丁・乱丁及び解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は、無言のまま手を挙げて監督者に知らせてください。
6. この問題冊子は、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
7. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

英語

解答上の注意

解答は、解答用紙の解答欄にマークしてください。

例えば、問題 **I** の解答欄 **ア** と表示のある問題に対して、「①」と解答する場合は、次の（例）のように、問題番号 **I**、解答欄 **ア** の①にマークしてください。

(例)

I	解 答 欄 I										
	-	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
ア	(-)	0	●	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
イ	(-)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
ウ	(-)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
エ	(-)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
オ	(-)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

英 語

解答欄は (解答欄 I) ~ (解答欄 IV)

次の英文を読んで、後の設問に答えよ。*がついている語（句）は後に注がある。

解答欄は の ~

Mark Twain's book *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn* is considered one of the greatest works of American literature. It is the story of a boy who runs away from home, in part because of his *abusive father. In keeping with the American concept of individualism, the boy's experiences as a runaway, both good and bad, help him grow as a person and establish his independence and maturity. The *plight of modern runaways, however, differs greatly from Twain's narrative.

A runaway, or "youth in crisis," is a child or teen who chooses to leave home without parental consent; most are unprepared for such independence. According to the Children's Defense Fund, as many as 7,000 young Americans run away every day. Seventy-five percent of these youths depend on friends or relatives (ア) food and shelter. For the remaining twenty-five percent, life on the street is anything but romantic. In fact, it is even prohibited by law in some parts of the United States and other countries. Habitual runaways who are under the age of eighteen may be sent to a facility for *wards of the state, or even *juvenile detention centers if they are caught breaking other laws, such as those against *vagrancy, *trespassing, or *petty theft. Many runaways become involved in crime as a result of their circumstances; often, the only ones willing to help them have *predatory motives. The trauma that teenagers face in this situation would be difficult enough without these added troubles from people around them.

Regardless (イ) whether they are caught for minor crimes, homeless life is unpleasant and dangerous. In the United States, for example, social

services for runaways tend to be underfunded and understaffed. Runaways often become the victims of violence or theft at insufficiently monitored shelters — even more so than on the streets. And homelessness is often accompanied by health threats, such as hygiene issues, poor nutrition, food poisoning, and exposure to cold.

The rates of substance abuse among runaways are far above national averages. Alcohol use, for instance, is at eighty-nine percent for US runaways, compared with thirty-five percent among their non-runaway peers. This is in part because many runaways began with addictions that preceded and sometimes *precipitated their leaving home. Young girls are particularly at risk for rape, sexually transmitted diseases like AIDS, and pregnancy. And the longer a teenager remains on the streets, the less likely he or she will be to go to college or learn a trade later on. While running away may seem to be an escape from an intolerable situation, homeless life provides (ㄅ) shelter nor relief.

For runaways, the motivation behind the act is usually less the assertion of free will than the urgent need to escape, as they are almost always escaping from something or someone. The most commonly cited reason for running away, at thirty percent of youths *polled by the National Runaway Safeline (NRS), is family dynamics. One or both parents may suffer from alcoholism or some other addiction. Youths from families with one or more parents who have substance abuse problems are particularly at risk of neglect or abuse, whether physical or emotional. In situations of chronic abuse, running away may seem reasonable. While a teenager's desire to flee an abusive home life is understandable, there are cases where the source of motivation is less obvious.

Teenagers occasionally run away from stable households, too. When contacted, youths in crisis also cite problems with peers, economic problems, or psychological problems. According to data collected by the US National Institutes of Health, homeless and runaway youth are six times more likely than their non-runaway peers of the same age to meet the *diagnostic criteria

for at least two mental disorders. And they are seventeen times more likely to meet the criteria for one disorder.

Runaways who require *psychiatric treatment, which in most countries the state is not obliged to provide, present a unique problem. If families are also unable to provide this sort of treatment, it is likely to lead to a vicious circle. While improved social programs can help in keeping runaways physically safe, this alone does nothing to address psychological issues. Although there are more questions than answers about appropriate treatment options, one thing is (エ): runaways need more help than they are receiving.

(Peggy Anderson & Sam Robinson,
READING FOR THE REAL WORLD 3, 4th edition)

(注) abusive 「虐待的な」 plight 「窮状」 ward of the state 「被後見人」
juvenile detention center 「少年拘置所」 vagrancy 「浮浪、路上生活」
trespassing 「不法侵入」 petty theft 「軽窃盗」
predatory 「搾取する」 precipitate 「～を促す」
poll 「～に世論調査をする」 diagnostic criteria 「診断基準」
psychiatric 「精神医学の」

出典：

Reading for the Real World 3 4th Edition by Peggy Anderson, Sam Robinson, 2022, Compass Publishing

問1 文中の空所（ア）～（エ）に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ①～④の中から1つ選べ。

(ア) 解答欄
① to ② for ③ in ④ by

(イ) 解答欄
① of ② from ③ in ④ with

(ウ) 解答欄
① any ② both ③ either ④ neither

(エ) 解答欄
① surprising ② foolish ③ certain ④ secret

問2 次の問いの答えとして最も適当なものを、それぞれ①～④の中から1つ選べ。

(a) According to the first paragraph, which of the following is true?
解答欄

- ① Mark Twain wrote a story based on his childhood experiences.
- ② The runaway boy has nothing but terrible experiences.
- ③ The boy's runaway experience has a positive effect on him.
- ④ The boy's experience has much in common with today's runaways.

(b) According to the second paragraph, which of the following is true?

解答欄 カ

- ① Twenty-five percent of American runaways are homeless.
- ② Many American teenagers become runaways after breaking the law.
- ③ Three out of four American teens have considered running away from home.
- ④ Runaways over the age of 18 are not legally protected in the United States.

(c) According to the third and fourth paragraphs, which of the following is true?

解答欄 キ

- ① Homelessness forces many people into violence and theft.
- ② Substance abuse is one of the causes of American runaways.
- ③ More than half of teens who drink alcohol run away from home.
- ④ People arrested for minor crimes are placed in closely monitored shelters.

(d) According to the fifth and sixth paragraphs, which of the following is true?

解答欄 ク

- ① In a survey, most teens cited family reasons for running away.
- ② Children from wealthy families rarely run away from home.
- ③ The leading cause of teenage runaways is mental illness.
- ④ Not all teenagers run away from home for obvious reasons.

問3 次の各文が本文の内容と一致するように、空所に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ①～④の中から1つ選べ。

(a) This article focuses on (). 解答欄 ケ

- ① the current state of social services for runaway youth
- ② the dangers teen runaways face and why they leave home
- ③ the alarming incidents of crimes committed by runaway youth
- ④ the psychological problems common to teenage runaways

(b) The article writer would most likely agree with the statement that (). 解答欄 コ

- ① the US government should make young people's mental health a priority
- ② parents should be stricter with their children to prevent them from running away
- ③ facilities for wards of the state should receive more funding to take in more runaways
- ④ American teenagers should be encouraged to run away from home to establish their independence

問4 本文の内容に一致するものを、次の①～④の中から1つ選べ。 解答欄 サ

- ① Teenagers who run away usually end up in a state-run facility.
- ② Young runaways often become involved in crime and have health problems.
- ③ Social services for runaway youth are very well funded in the United States.
- ④ Psychiatric treatment for runaways is attempted by the US government.

Ⅱ 次の会話を読んで、後の設問に答えよ。*がついている句は後に注がある。

解答欄は Ⅱ の ア ~ キ

Two students are talking on campus in the US.

Greg: I'm thinking of selling my car.

Yuto: Why on earth would you do that? Didn't you say that it took you three months to fix it up after you bought it?

Greg: Yes, and it served me quite well in high school. But now I'm not quite sure I need it here in the city.

Yuto: (1) We just used your car to go shopping the other day.

Greg: I know. It's convenient, but there are other ways we could have gotten there. Traffic was pretty bad, anyway. I think it would have been faster ^(A) to take the subway, (2) we take into account the 15-minute walk to the station. At least it feels that way.

Yuto: I don't know. It's probably about the same in terms of time. But I don't really want to carry things back on foot, especially if it's raining.

Greg: There's always the bus. What I'm trying to say is that it just doesn't seem worth it financially. They charge us \$70 a month for a parking permit, and even then, we aren't allowed to park near the academic buildings, so we still end up having to walk to class.

Yuto: Then you have to *factor in the cost of insurance.

Greg: Exactly. That's ^(B) incredibly expensive for people our age. Is it the same in Japan?

Yuto: Yes, but gas is so cheap here. And everything just seems so inconvenient without a car. It's not like in Japan where you can take public transportation literally everywhere. (3), how are you going to go home to visit your mom and dad? You don't expect them to come all the way here to pick you up, do you?

Greg: Actually, they probably would, knowing them. They don't mind driving

long distances. But I've done the math, and it actually comes out cheaper if I rent a car each time. I could take the train too.

(注) **factor in** ~ 「~を考慮に入れる」

問1 文中の空所 (1) ~ (3) に入る表現として最も適切なものを、それぞれ ①~④の中から1つ選べ。

(1)

解答欄 ア

- ① How do you think?
- ② What do you mean?
- ③ Where do you go shopping?
- ④ Why do you need it?

(2)

解答欄 イ

- ① despite of
- ② however
- ③ though
- ④ even if

(3)

解答欄 ウ

- ① Besides
- ② Conversely
- ③ Finally
- ④ Unless

問2 下線部(A)の **there** が指す内容として最も適当なものを、次の①～④の中から1つ
選べ。 解答欄 工

- ① the city
- ② the high school
- ③ the station
- ④ the store

問3 下線部(B)の **That** が指す内容として最も適当なものを、次の①～④の中から1つ
選べ。 解答欄 才

- ① car insurance
- ② parking permits
- ③ public transportation
- ④ university classes

問4 会話の内容に合うように、空所に入る最も適当なものを、次の①～④の中から1つ
選べ。 解答欄 力

The main topic of this conversation is ().

- ① the amount of vehicle traffic in the city
- ② the downside of buying a used vehicle
- ③ the practicality of owning a vehicle
- ④ the high cost of vehicle maintenance

問5 会話の内容から判断して正しいものを、次の①～④の中から1つ選べ。

解答欄

キ

- ① Greg often drives to class instead of walking when it rains.
- ② Greg thinks his parents would offer to drive him home.
- ③ Yuto believes public transportation in Japan is inconvenient.
- ④ Yuto is upset that gas prices are continuing to rise.

Ⅲ 次の問1～問5の設問に答えよ。

解答欄は Ⅲ の ア ～ ト

問1 次の各組の最初の単語の下線部と同じ発音を下線部に持つ語を、それぞれ①～④の中から1つ選べ。

1 waste 解答欄 ア

① praise ② equal ③ attack ④ effect

2 circle 解答欄 イ

① news ② puzzle ③ scissors ④ across

3 trouble 解答欄 ウ

① taught ② sunny ③ slowly ④ could

問2 次の各組の単語のうちで、最も強く発音する音節の位置が、他の3語と異なるものを、それぞれ①～④の中から1つ選べ。

1 解答欄 エ

① ca-reer ② dis-cuss
③ traf-fic ④ de-sire

2 解答欄 オ

① ex-cept ② ex-cite
③ ex-am ④ ex-it

3 解答欄 カ

① fan-tas-tic ② in-ter-view
③ im-por-tant ④ at-trac-tive

問3 次の英文の空所に入れるのに最も適当な語（句）を、それぞれ①～④の中から1つ選べ。

1 This facility takes in children who have been () by their parents.

解答欄 キ

- ① disappeared ② neglected ③ postponed ④ responded

2 He was driving his car in the () of the beach.

解答欄 ク

- ① election ② correction ③ direction ④ mission

3 Your composition is excellent, () for a few grammatical errors.

解答欄 ケ

- ① beyond ② without ③ except ④ unlike

4 He called his usual hotel, but it was fully ().

解答欄 コ

- ① finished ② booked ③ located ④ pressed

5 In () of quality, our company is proud of all our products.

解答欄 サ

- ① terms ② case ③ turns ④ relation

6 Our company's financial problem () solved yet.

解答欄 シ

- ① has ② hasn't ③ has been ④ hasn't been

問4 次の英文のそれぞれの下線部①～④の中から、誤った使い方をしているものを1つ選べ。

1 The success of this project is depended on the amount of money we can raise through crowdfunding. 解答欄 ス
① ②
③ ④

2 I would like to be the kind of person who don't care what other people think of me. 解答欄 セ
① ② ③ ④

3 It is cheap to return home by car than by train, but it will take much longer due to heavy traffic on the roads. 解答欄 ソ
① ②
③ ④

4 I found the mystery very interested, although the ending was quite different from what I expected. 解答欄 タ
① ② ③
④

問5 次の各組の文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、空所に入れるのに最も適当な語（句）を、それぞれ①～④の中から1つ選べ。

1 Strange as it may sound, I have never eaten out.

() it may sound strange, I have never eaten out.

解答欄 チ

- ① If ② When ③ Although ④ Because

2 He was very disappointed with the results of the exam.

The results of the exam were a () to him.

解答欄 ツ

- ① great disappointing ② great disappointment
③ greatly disappointed ④ greatly disappointment

3 I don't know what to do about this problem.

I have no () what to do with this problem.

解答欄 テ

- ① idea ② sense ③ time ④ trouble

4 It is of no importance what university you graduated from.

It doesn't () what university you graduated from.

解答欄 ト

- ① doubt ② problem ③ value ④ matter

2 *At a homestay*

Emi: Oh, no. It looks like the trains aren't running. I'm going to be late for English class.

Host mother: I'm sure your teacher will forgive you if you explain the situation.

Emi: She probably will, but I love the class. I don't want to miss a minute of it. Not only that, but she's going to go over the material for the test today.

Host mother: ()

Emi: Would that be possible?

Host mother: Yes, let me know when you're ready. I'll get the keys.

Emi: OK, give me a minute to pack my computer.

解答欄

- ① Can you attend class remotely?
- ② Shouldn't you study for the test?
- ③ Do you want me to drive you?
- ④ Won't the trains resume soon?

[英語 終わり]